

# SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)

Product identifier         3500.4           Other means of identification         Floors           Initial supplier identifier         Periatures MF Inc. 1605 Dagemis Boulevard W, Laval, OC H7L 5A3 T(450) 628-3831           Emergency telephone number/restriction on use         Canada         CANUTEC 24 hour number 613-996-6666           Classification of hazardous product (name of the category or subcategory of the hazard class)         Carcinogenicity (category 2)           Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory)         Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautions have been read and understood. P280 Wear 1935) Suspected of causing cancer.           P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 Wear gloevelynotectic online year protection/n.Pa04 + P113 IF exposed or concerned: Cate mdical attention. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/container into safe container in accordance with local, regional or national regulations.           Other hazards known         None           Chemical name (common name/synonyms)         CAS number or other         Concentration (%)           Kyphelie synche         37244-96-5         < 2	Section 1. Identification					
Recommended use and restrictions on use [Floots           Initial supplication in the floot of the intervent of the clogs of the clogs of the clogs of the intervent of the clogs of the intervent of the int						
Recommended use and restrictions on use Floors           Initial supplier identifier         Pentrues WH: Inc. 1605 Dagenais Boulevard W. Laval, QC H7L 5A3 T:(450) 628-3831           Emergency telephone number/restriction on use Canada – CANUTEC 24 hour number 613-996-6666         Section 2. Hazard identification           Classification of hazardous product (name of the category or subcategory of the hazard class)         Carcinogenicity (category 2)           Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory)         Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory)           Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory)         Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory)           Warning         11351 Suspected of causing cancer.         P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 Wear gloves/protective clobing/eye protection/Resource constainer in accordance with local, regional or national regulations.           Other hazards known         None         Section 3. Composition/Information on ingredients           Chemical name (common name/synonyms)         CAS number or other         Concentration (%)           Kepheline synute         37244-06-5         < 2						
Emergency telephone number/restriction on use         Canada - CANUTEC 24 hoar number 613-996-6666           Classification of hazardous product (name of the category or subcategory of the hazard class)         Carcinogenicity (category 2)           Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory)         Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory)           Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory)         Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory)           Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautions have been read and understood. P280 Wear gloves/protective clobing/cyp protection/face protection P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordnace with local, regional or national regulations.           Other hazards known         None           Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients         Concentration (%)           Nepheline syenite         37244-96-5         < 2						
Section 2. Hazard identification           Classification of hazardous product (name of the category or subcategory of the hazard class)           Carcinogenicity (category 2)           Information clements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory)           Warning           Higher clear cle	Initial supplier identifier Peintures MF Inc. 1605 Dagenais Boulevard W, Laval, QC H7L 5A3 T:(450) 628-3831					
Classification of hazardous product (name of the category or subcategory of the hazard class)         Carcinogenicity (category 2)         Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory)         Warning         H351 Suspected of causing cancer.         P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 Wear gloves/protective clohlnng/eye protection/face protection. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/container into safe container in accordance with local, regional or national regulations.         Other hazards known       None         Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients         Chemical name (common name/synonyms)       CAS number or other         Section 4. Composition/information on ingredients         Chemical name (common name/synonyms)       CAS number or other         Statement - This aftety dua sheet provides concentration mage(s) and concentration(%)       <2						
Carcinogenicity (category 2) Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory) Warning H351 Suspected of causing cancer. P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood, P280 Wear gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/container into sale container in accordance with local, regional or national regulations. Other hazards known None Concentration None Concentration on ingreter Concentration (%) Nepheline sysnite 37244-96-5 <2 Dipropylene glycol Nonemore name/synonyms) CAS number or other Concentration (%) Nepheline sysnite 37244-96-5 <2 Dipropylene glycol Nonemore name/synonyms CAS number or other Concentration (%) Nepheline sysnite 37244-96-5 <2 Dipropylene glycol Nonemore name/synonyms CAS number or other Concentration (%) Nepheline sysnite 37244-96-5 <2 Dipropylene glycol Nonemore name/synonyms CAS number or other Concentration (%) Nepheline sysnite 37244-96-5 <2 Dipropylene glycol None Section 4. First-aid measures Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell. Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a doctor. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING, NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly boing consciouses, or or oursling. Rinks mouth thoroughly with water. Have victim dirink two glasses of water. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Section 5. Firet-fighting measures Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media Indication of INE Mazards on bedwer agent and appropriate fom to reduce risk of aspiration. Section 5. Firet-fighting measures Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media In case of fire: Use carbon dived agent and appropriate fom to retrighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breadting appara		Secti	on 2. Hazard identification			
Information elements (symbols, signal words, hazard statements and precautionary statements of the category/subcategory)         Warning         H351 Suspected of causing cancer.         P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 Wear gloves/protective clothing/cyc protection/face protection. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P405 Store locked up. P501         Dispose of contents/container in a cardonalme ewith local, regional or national regulations.         Other hazards known       Non         Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients         Chemical name (common name/synonyms)       CAS number or other         Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients         Dipropylene glycol       10721-1         Za       2         Titanium dioxide       92704-41-1 / 1332-58-7         Kaolin       92704-41-1 / 1332-58-7         Value       2         Statement - This safety data sheet privides concentration region instad of the actual concentration(e) considered trude secret(s)         Section 4. First-stal measures         Inhalation       IF NHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call doctor if you feel unwell.         Ingestion       IF NKNKN: wash with plenty of water.         Eye contact       IF NEVES, Rines cautiously with water for several minutes.	Classification of l	azardous product (name of the categor	y or subcategory of the hazard class)			
Varning           H351         Suspected of causing cancer.           P201         Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 Wear gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P405 Store locked up. P501           Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional or national regulations.         Other hazards known           None         Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients           Chemical name (common name/synonyms)         CAS number or other           Objorpylene glycol         107-21-1           Case         2           Ethylene glycol         107-21-1           Kaolin         92704-41:1 / 132-28-7           Statement - This safety data sheet provides concentration trug(s) instead of the actual concentration(y) onsidered finde secret().           Section 4. First-aid measures           Inhalation         IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.           Ingestion         IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a doctor. DO NOT INDUCE VOMTING, NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Rimse mouth throughly with water.           Eye contact         IF NSKIN: wash with plenty of water.           Eye contact         IF NSKIN: wash with plenty of water.	Carcinogenicity (c	ategory 2)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.         P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 Wear gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/container into safe container in accordance with local, regional or national regulations.         Other hazards known       None         Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients         Chemical name (common name/synonyms)         Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients         Chemical name (common name/synonyms)         Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients         Other hazards known         None         Concentration of ther         Concentration name/synonyms)         CAS number or other         Concentration name/synonyms)         Concentration Concentration (%)         Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether         3724749-6-5         Concentration Concentration Concentration (%)         Mathematical Statement - This safety data sheet provides concentration range(5) instead of the acauta concentration(s) considered trad secret(s).         Section 4. First-taid measures         Inh	Information elem	ents (symbols, signal words, hazard stat	tements and precautionary statements of th	e category/subcategory)		
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.         P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 Wear gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/container into safe container in accordance with local, regional or national regulations.         Other hazards known       None         Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients         Chemical name (common name/synonyms)         Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients         Chemical name (common name/synonyms)         Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients         Other hazards known         None         Concentration of ther         Concentration name/synonyms)         CAS number or other         Concentration name/synonyms)         Concentration Concentration (%)         Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether         3724749-6-5         Concentration Concentration Concentration (%)         Mathematical Statement - This safety data sheet provides concentration range(5) instead of the acauta concentration(s) considered trad secret(s).         Section 4. First-taid measures         Inh						
P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precutions have been read and understood. P280 Wear gloves/protective clothing/eye protection. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/container into safe container in accordance with local, regional or national regulations.         Other hazards known None         Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients         Concentration into safe container in accordance with local, regional or national regulations.         Other hazards known None         Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients         Concentration (%)         None         Concentration of the Concentration (%)         None         Contents/contration (%)         None         Concentration (%)         None         Contents/contration (%)         None         Contentintintion interial material material material m	Warning					
gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P405 Store locked up. P501         Dispose of contents/container into safe container in accordance with local, regional or national regulations.         Other hazards known       None         Chemical name (common name/synonyms)       CAS number or other       Concentration (%)         Nepheline syenite       37244-96-5       < 2						
Dispose of contents/container into safe container in accordance with local, regional or national regulations.           Other hazards known         None           Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients           Chemical name (common name/synonyms)         CAS number or other         Concentration (%)           Nepheline syenite         37244-96-5         <2						
Other hazards known         None           Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients           Chemical name (common name/synonyms)         CAS number or other         Concentration (%)           Nepheline syenite         37244-96-5         < 2						
Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients           Chemical name (common name/synonyms)         CAS number or other         Concentration (%)           Nepheline synnite         37244-96-5         <2			nce with local, regional or national regulations	i.		
Chemical name (common name/synonyms)         CAS number or other         Concentration (%)           Nephcline syenite         37244.96.5         < 2	Other hazards kn					
Nepheline syenite         37244-96-5         < 2           Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether         34590-94-8         < 2						
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether         34590-94-8         <2           Ethylene glycol         107-21-1         <2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	common name/synonyms)				
Ethylene glycol       107-21-1       < 2						
Titanium dioxide       13463-67-7       <10		l monomethyl ether				
Kaolin       92704-41-1 / 1332-58-7       < 2						
* Statement - This safety data sheet provides concentration range(s) instead of the actual concentration(s) considered trade secret(s).     Section 4. First-aid measures Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell. Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a doctor. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is     rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Have victim drink two     glasses of water. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Skin contact IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water. Eye contact IF IN EYES, Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Most important symptoms and effects (acute or delayed) Indication of immediate medical attention/special treatment In all cases, call a doctor. Do not forget this document. Section 5. Fire-fighting measures Specific hazards of the hazardous product (hazardous combustion products) Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes. Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame. Section 6. Accidental release measures Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should						
Section 4. First-aid measures           Inhalation         IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.           Ingestion         IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a doctor. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Have victim drink two glasses of water. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration.           Skin contact         IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water.         None           Eye contact         IF IN EYES, Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.         None           Indication of immediate medical attention/special treatment         In all cases, call a doctor. Do not forget this document.           Specific hazards of the hazardous product (hazardous combustion products)         Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes.           Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media         In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products.           Special protective equipment and precations for fire-fighters         During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame. <td>Kaolin</td> <td>* 0</td> <td></td> <td>—</td>	Kaolin	* 0		—		
Inhalation         IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.           Ingestion         IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a doctor. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Have victim drink two glasses of water. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration.           Skin contact         IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water.           Eye contact         IF IN EYES, Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.           Most important symptoms and effects (acute or delayed)         None           Indication of immediate medical attention/special treatment         In all cases, call a doctor. Do not forget this document.           Specific hazards of the hazardous product (hazardous combustion products)         Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes.           Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media         In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products.           Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters         During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame. <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>nsidered trade secret(s).</td></t<>				nsidered trade secret(s).		
Ingestion         IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a doctor. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Have victim drink two glasses of water. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration.           Skin contact         IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water.           Eye contact         IF IN EYES, Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.           Most important symptoms and effects (acute or delayed)         None           Indication of immediate medical attention/special treatment         In all cases, call a doctor. Do not forget this document.           Specific hazards of the hazardous product (hazardous combustion products)         Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes.           Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media         In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products.           Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters         Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame.           Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures         Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clea	Inholotion			de star if you faal ymyall		
rapidly losing consciousness, or is unconscious or convulsing. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Have victim drink two         glasses of water. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration.         Skin contact       IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water.         Eye contact       IF IN EYES, Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.         Most important symptoms and effects (acute or delayed)       None         Indication of immediate medical attention/special treatment       In all cases, call a doctor. Do not forget this document.         Specific hazards of the hazardous product (hazardous combustion products)       Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes.         Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media       In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products.         Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters       Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame.         Section 6. Accidental release measures         Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures         Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
glasses of water. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration.         Skin contact       IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water.         Eye contact       IF IN EYES, Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.         Most important symptoms and effects (acute or delayed)       None         Indication of immediate medical attention/special treatment       In all cases, call a doctor. Do not forget this document.         Specific hazards of the hazardous product (hazardous combustion products)       Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes.         Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media       In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products.         Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters       During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame.         Section 6. Accidental release measures       Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures         Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should	ingestion					
Skin contact       IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water.         Eye contact       IF IN EYES, Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.         Most important symptoms and effects (acute or delayed)       None         Indication of immediate medical attention/special treatment       In all cases, call a doctor. Do not forget this document.         Specific hazards of the hazardous product (hazardous combustion products)       Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes.         Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media       In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products.         Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters       During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame.         Section 6. Accidental release measures         Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures         Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should						
Eye contact       IF IN EYES, Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.         Most important symptoms and effects (acute or delayed)       None         Indication of immediate medical attention/special treatment       In all cases, call a doctor. Do not forget this document.         Section 5. Fire-fighting measures       Section 5. Fire-fighting measures         Specific hazards of the hazardous product (hazardous combustion products)       Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes.         Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media       In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products.         Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters       During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame.         Section 6. Accidental release measures         Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures         Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should	Skin contact					
Most important symptoms and effects (acute or delayed)         None           Indication of immediate medical attention/special treatment         In all cases, call a doctor. Do not forget this document.           Section 5. Fire-fighting measures         Section 5. Fire-fighting measures           Specific hazards of the hazardous product (hazardous combustion products)         Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes.           Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media         In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products.           Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters         During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame.           Section 6. Accidental release measures           Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures           Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should						
Indication of immediate medical attention/special treatment       In all cases, call a doctor. Do not forget this document.         Section 5. Fire-fighting measures         Specific hazards of the hazardous product (hazardous combustion products)         Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes.         Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media         In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products.         Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters         During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame.         Section 6. Accidental release measures         Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures         Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should						
Section 5. Fire-fighting measures           Specific hazards of the hazardous product (hazardous combustion products)           Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes.         Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media           In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products.         Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters           During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame.           Section 6. Accidental release measures           Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures           Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should						
Specific hazards of the hazardous product (hazardous combustion products)         Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes.         Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media         In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products.         Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters         During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame.         Section 6. Accidental release measures         Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures         Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should	· · · · ·					
Carbon oxides and other irritant/toxic gases and fumes. Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame. Section 6. Accidental release measures Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should						
Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media         In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products.         Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters         During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame.         Section 6. Accidental release measures         Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures         Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide, chemical powder agent and appropriate foam to extinguish surrounding products. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame. Section 6. Accidental release measures Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should						
During a fire, irritating/toxic smoke and fumes may be generated. Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame. Section 6. Accidental release measures Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should						
protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece. Shield personnel to protect from venting, rupturing or bursting cans. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame. Section 6. Accidental release measures Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should						
Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment and cans exposed to heat and flame.  Section 6. Accidental release measures  Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should						
Section 6. Accidental release measures           Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures           Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should						
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should	Move containers fr	om fire area if it can be done without risk.	Water spray may be useful in cooling equipment	nt and cans exposed to heat and flame.		
Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. All persons dealing with clean-up should						
wear the appropriate protective equipment (See Section 8).						
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up						
Ventilate area of release. Stop the leak if it can be done safely. Contain and absorb any spilled liquid concentrate with inert absorbent material, then						
place material into a container for later disposal (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product.						
Notify the appropriate authorities as required.	Notity the appropri					



### Section 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

#### Wear gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Before handling, it is very important that engineering controls are operating, and that protective equipment requirements and personal hygiene measures are being followed. People working with this chemical should be properly trained regarding its hazards and its safe use. Inspect containers for leaks before handling. Label containers appropriately. Ensure proper ventilation. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid generating high concentrations of dusts, vapours or mists. Keep away from incompatible materials (Section 10). Keep containers closed when not in use. Empty containers are always dangerous. Refer also to Section 8.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up. Store away from incompatible materials (Section 10). Inspect all incoming containers to make sure they are properly labelled and not damaged. Storage area should be clearly identified, clear of obstruction and accessible only to trained personnel. Inspect periodically for damage or leaks.

#### Section 8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Control parameters (biological limit values or exposure limit values and source of those values)

Exposure limits: CAS 13463-67-7 ACGIH – TLV-TWA 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> & PEL-TWA 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; DUST ACGIH – TLV-TWA 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> & PEL-TWA 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction) & 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (total dust); CAS 34590-94-8 ACGIH – TLV-TWA 100ppm (STEL 150ppm) and PEL-TWA 100ppm Appropriate engineering controls

Use under well-ventilated conditions. Local exhaust ventilation system is recommended to maintain concentrations of contaminants below exposure limits. Make emergency eyewash stations, safety/quick-drench showers, and washing facilities available in work area.

#### Individual protection measures/personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection is required if the concentrations are higher than the exposure limits. Use a NIOSH approved respirators if the exposure limits are unknown. Chemically protective gloves (impervious), and other protective clothing to prevent prolonged or repeated skin contact, must be worn during all handling operations. Wear protective chemical splash goggles to prevent mists from entering the eyes. Wash hands/nails/face thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Practice good personal hygiene after using this material. Remove and wash contaminated work clothing before re-use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties				
Appearance, physical state/colour Liquid	Vapour pressure Not available			
Odour Characteristic	Vapour density Not available			
Odour threshold Not available	Relative density 1.125			
pH Not available	Solubility Not available			
Melting/freezing point Not available	Partition coefficient - n-octanol/water Not available			
Initial boiling point/range Not available	Auto-ignition temperature Not available			
Flash point         Not available	Decomposition temperature Not available			
Evaporation rate Not available	Viscosity Not available			
Flammability (solids and gases) Not available	VOC Not available			
Upper and lower flammability/explosive limits Not available	Other None known			
Section 10. Stability and reactivity				
Reactivity				
Does not react under the recommended storage and handling conditions prescribed.				
Chemical stability				
Stable under the recommended storage and handling conditions prescribed.				
Possibility of hazardous reactions				
None known				
Conditions to avoid (static discharge, shock or vibration)				
None known				
Incompatible materials				
Oxidizing materials; etc.				
Hazardous decomposition products				
None known				



Section 11. Toxicological information				
Information on the likely routes of exposure (inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact)				
Suspected of causing cancer.				
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics				
CAS 34590-94-8 DL <sub>50</sub> (oral, rat) 5220 mg/kg				
Delayed and immediate effects (chronic effects from short-term and long-term exposure)				
	y Sensitization – No data available; Germ Cell Mutagenicity – No data available; Carcinogenicity			
	A; Reproductive Toxicity – No data available; Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure			
- No data available; Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Repeated Exposure - No data available; Aspiration Hazard - No data available; Health				
Hazards Not Otherwise Classified – No data available.				
Numerical measures of toxicity (ATE; LD <sub>50</sub> &	LC <sub>50</sub> )			
None				
ATE not available in this document.				
	Section 12. Ecological information			
Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial information) No data available for the product.				
Persistence and degradability No data available				
Bioaccumulative potential No data availabl	e			
Mobility in soil         No data available				
Other adverse effects No data available				
Section 13. Disposal considerations				
Information on safe handling for disposal/methods of disposal/contaminated packaging				
Dispose of contents/container into safe container in accordance with local, regional or national regulations.				
Section 14. Transport information				
UN number; Proper shipping name; Class(es); Packing group (PG) of the TDG Regulations				
NOT REGULATED				
UN number; Proper shipping name; Class(es); Packing group (PG) of the IMDG (maritime)				
NOT REGULATED				
UN number; Proper shipping name; Class(es); Packing group (PG) of the IATA (air)				
NOT REGULATED				
Special precautions (transport/conveyance) None				
Environmental hazards (IMDG or other) None				
Bulk transport (usually more than 450 L in capacity) Possible				
Section 15. Regulatory information				
Safety/health Canadian regulations specifics	Refer to Section 2 for the appropriate classification. This product has been classified in accordance			
	with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR).			
Environmental Canadian regulations specifics Refer to Section 3 for ingredient(s) of the DSL				
Safety/health/environmental outside regulations specifics				
United States OSHA information: This product is regulated according to OSHA (29 CFR).				
United States EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) information: 40 CFR Refer to the ingredients listed in Section 3 & Sections 12; 13 & 14.				
United States TCSA information: Refer to the ingredients listed in Section 3.				
	California Proposition 65: WARNING This product contains Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) known to the State of California to cause cancer or			
other reproductive harm.				



Section 16. Other information				
Date of the latest revision of the safety data sheet September 15, 2020 version 1 (NSS ENTREPRISE INC.)				
References	Safety Data Sheets from manufacturer/supplier & from Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety, CCOHS.			
Abbreviations				
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists			
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate			
CAS	Chemical Abstract Service			
DSL	Domestic Substance List			
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer			
IATA	International Air Transport Association			
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code			
LC	Lethal concentration			
LD	Lethal Dosage			
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health			
NTP	National Toxicology Program (U.S.A.)			
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (U.S.A.)			
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit			
STEL	Short-term Exposure Limit			
TDG	Transport of dangerous goods in Canada			
TLV	Threshold Limit Value			
TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act			
TWA	Time Weighted Average			
WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System			
To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability				
whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the				
user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are				
the only hazards that exist.				